

Examination **Random Signal Processing** (IN4309)

**Part I: Digital Signal Processing**

January 21, 2011  
(13:00 - 16:00)

**Important:**

Make clear in your answer *how* you reach the final result; the road to the answer is very important (even more important than the answer itself).

Start every assignment on a new sheet. Even in the case you skip one of the exercises, you hand in an empty sheet with the number of the assignment you skipped.

### Assignment 1:

Consider the following pole-zero map of a causal linear time-invariant system.

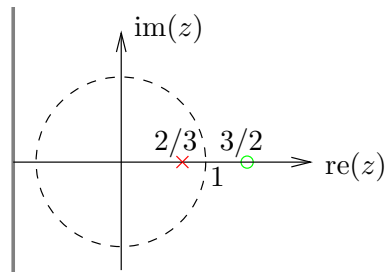


Figure 1: Pole-zero map.

- Determine the corresponding system function. Is this function unique?
- What is the region of convergence?
- Is this system BIBO stable? Motivate your answer.
- Determine and sketch the magnitude response of the system.
- Compute the inverse  $\mathcal{Z}$ -transform of the system function  $H(z)$ .

**Assignment 2:**

Compute the  $\mathcal{Z}$ -transform of the following signals:

a)

$$h(n) = (1 + n)u(n).$$

b)

$$h(n) = (-1)^n a^n.$$

c)

$$h(n) = (-1)^n a^{-n}.$$

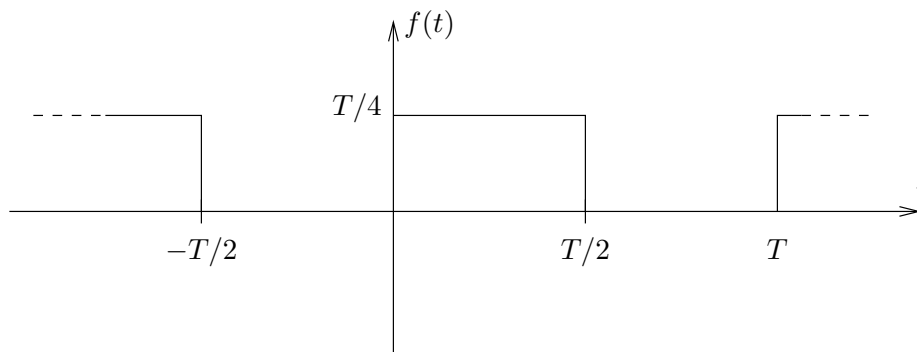


Figure 2: Periodic function.

### Assignment 3:

Consider the periodic function  $f$  as depicted in Figure 2. A Fourier series representation of  $f$  is given by

$$f(t) = a_0 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left( a_k \cos \left( \frac{2\pi k}{T} t \right) + b_k \sin \left( \frac{2\pi k}{T} t \right) \right),$$

where

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) dt,$$

$$a_k = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \cos \left( \frac{2\pi k}{T} t \right) dt,$$

and

$$b_k = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/2}^{T/2} f(t) \sin \left( \frac{2\pi k}{T} t \right) dt.$$

- Without explicitly computing the coefficients  $a_k$  and  $b_k$ , what can you say about the values of  $a_k$  and  $b_k$ ? What is the order of decay of the Fourier coefficients? Motivate your answer.
- Compute the  $a_k$  and  $b_k$ .

#### Assignment 4:

Consider the following realization of a discrete-time system for which  $a_1$ ,  $a_2$  and  $b_0$  are real.

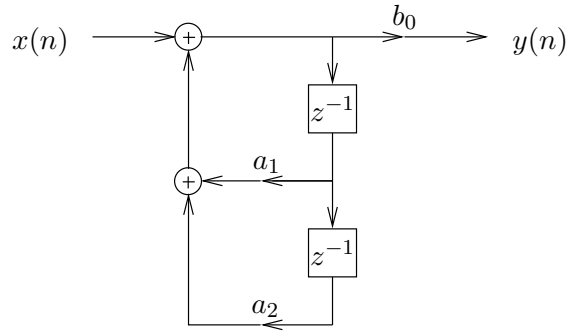


Figure 3: Block diagram realization.

- Show that this system is linear.
- Show that the system is time invariant.
- Show that the input-output difference relation is given by
$$y(n) = a_1 y(n-1) + a_2 y(n-2) + b_0 x(n).$$
- Give the corresponding transfer function.
- What are the poles and what are the zeros of this system?

Let

$$a_1 = -\frac{1}{2} \text{ and } a_2 = \frac{1}{2}.$$

and assume the system is initially in rest.

- Compute and sketch the impulse response of the system.
- Compute and sketch the step response of the system.

Next, let

$$a_1 = -\frac{1}{2} \text{ and } a_2 = -\frac{1}{2}.$$

and assume the system is initially in rest.

- f) Compute and sketch the impulse response of the system.
- g) Compute and sketch the step response of the system.